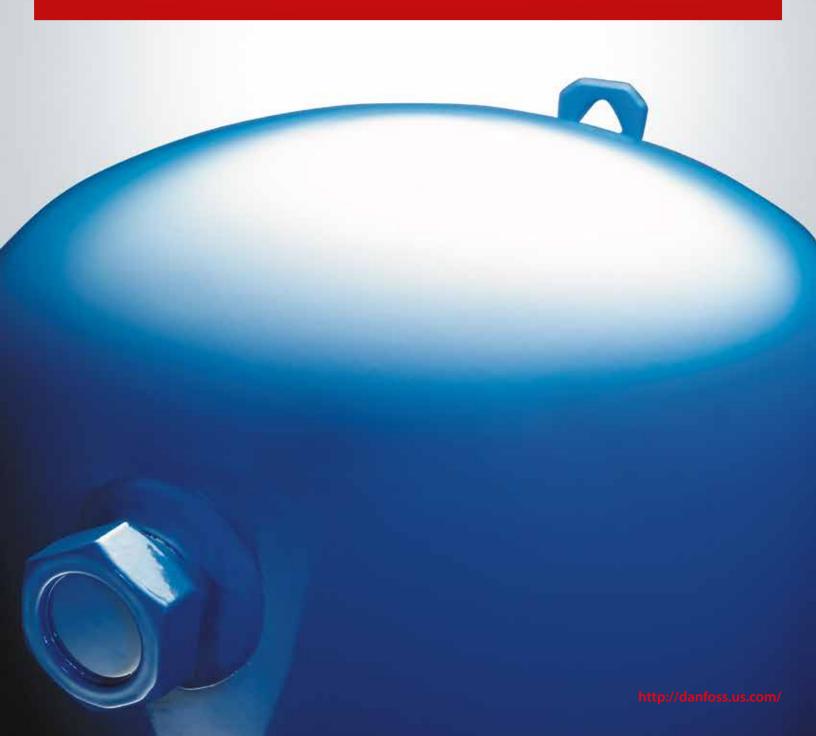




Maneurop[®] reciprocating compressors **NTZ**

R404A - R507 - 60 Hz





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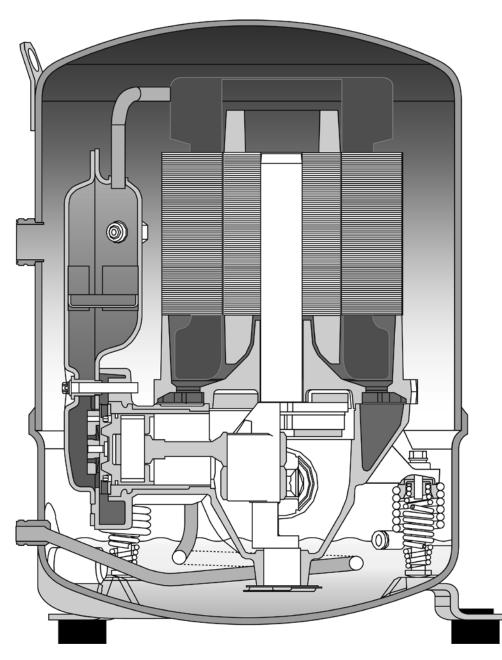
Maneurop® reciprocating compressors

Features

The Maneurop® NTZ series from Danfoss Commercial Compressors is a range of hermetic reciprocating compressors for low evaporating temperature applications. These compressors replace the former LTZ range.

The NTZ series is engineered as a true low temperature compressor, optimised at -31°F with an extended evaporating temperature range from -49°F up to 14°F. The compressors can be operated at a return gas temperature (suction gas temperature) of 68°F even at low evaporating temperatures. A liquid injection system is not required. All components are of high quality and precision to assure a long product life.

NTZ compressors have a large internal free volume that helps to reduce the risk of liquid hammering. The electrical motor is fully suction gas cooled which means that no additional body cooling is required and it allows the compressor to be insulated with an acoustic hood when the installation requirements call for extra low sound characteristics.





Technical specifications and nominal ratings

		Displacement				0.1				
	Swept volume	50 Hz	60 Hz	50 Hz	<u>z</u>	60 Hz		Number of	Oil charge	Net weight
model	nodel in³/rev		3500 rpm ft³/hr	Cooling capacity Btu/h	EER Btu/h/w	Cooling capacity Btu/h	EER Btu/h/w	cylinders	OZ	lbs
NTZ048	2.93	295	356	4084	3.99	4887	3.93	1	32	46
NTZ068	4.15	418	504	6935	4.12	8183	4.12	1	32	51
NTZ096	5.86	590	712	8097	4.08	9915	4.12	2	61	77
NTZ108	6.59	664	801	9943	4.22	11470	4.01	2	61	77
NTZ136	8.30	836	1009	12810	3.91	15130	3.98	2	61	77
NTZ215	13.12	1321	1595	19800	4.20	23360	4.20	4	132	137
NTZ271	16.53	1665	2010	27480	4.37	32420	4.37	4	132	141

(*) Motor code 4 operating conditions: R404A, Evap. temp.: -25°F, Cond. temp.: 105°F, RGT: 40°F, SC: 0K For full NTZ data details and capacity tables refer to Online Datasheet Generator: www.danfoss.com/odsg

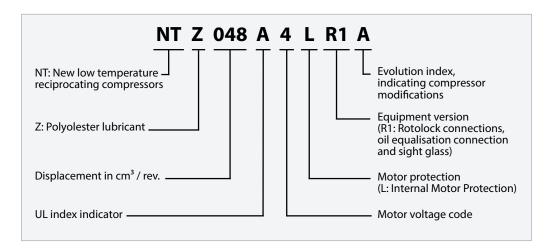
Versions

Available equipment version:

• R1: Rotolock suction and discharge connections, 3/8" flare oil equalisation connection, threaded sight glass.

Compressor reference

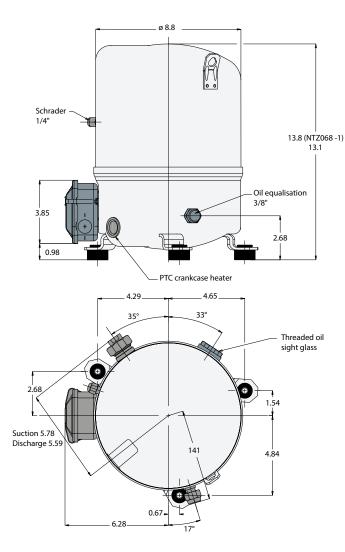
(indicated on the compressor nameplate)



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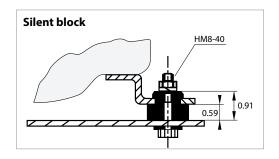
Application guidelines Dimensions

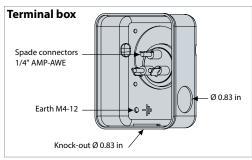
1 cylinder



Suction rotolock

All dimensions in inch



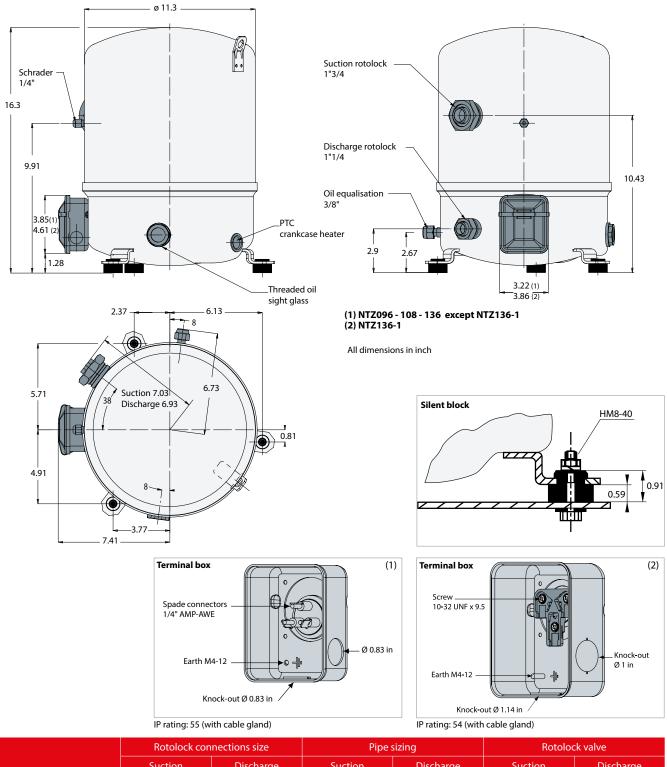


IP rating: 55 (with cable gland)

	Rotolock con	nections size	Pipes	sizing	Rotolock valve	
	Suction	Discharge	Suction	Discharge	Suction	Discharge
NTZ048 NTZ068	1"1/4	1"	5/8"	1/2"	V09	V06



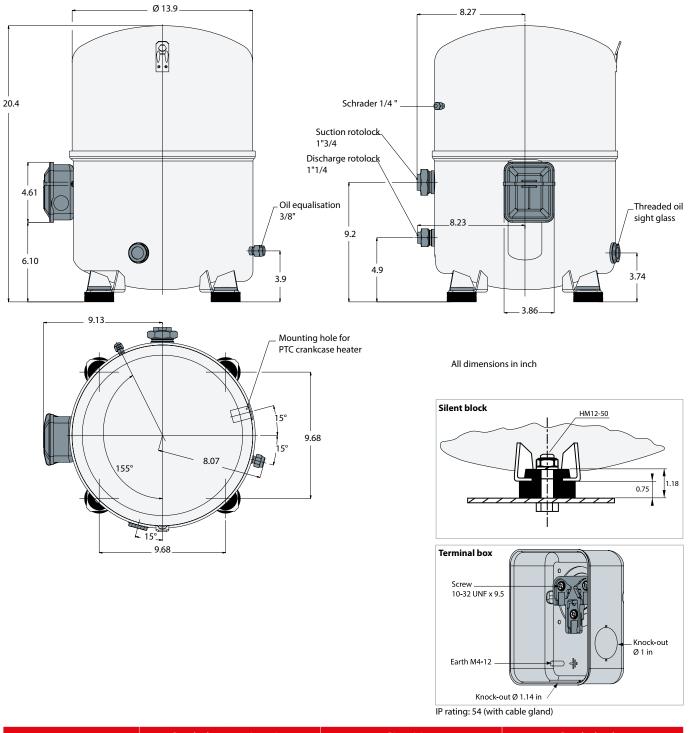
2 cylinders



	notorock con	11000115 5120	. ipe .	5121119	notorock valve		
	Suction	Discharge	Suction	Discharge	Suction	Discharge	
NTZ096 - NTZ108	1"3/4	1"1/4	7/8"	3/4"	V07	V04	
NTZ136	1"3/4	1"1/4	1"1/8	3/4"	V02	V04	



4 cylinders



	Rotolock con	nections size	Pipes	sizing	Rotolock valve	
	Suction	Discharge	Suction	Discharge	Suction	Discharge
NTZ215 - NTZ271	1"3/4	1"1/4	1"1/8	3/4"	V02	V04

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Application guidelines Electrical connections and wiring

Voltage	application	range
---------	-------------	-------

Motor voltage code	Nominal voltage	Voltage application range
1	208-230 V / 1 / 60 Hz	187 – 253 V
3	200-230 V / 3 / 60 Hz	180 – 253 V
4	380-400 V / 3 / 50 Hz 460 V / 3 / 60 Hz	340 – 440 V (50 Hz) 414 – 506 V (60Hz)
5	220-240 V / 1 / 50 Hz	198 – 264 V
9	380 V / 3 / 60 Hz	342 - 418 V

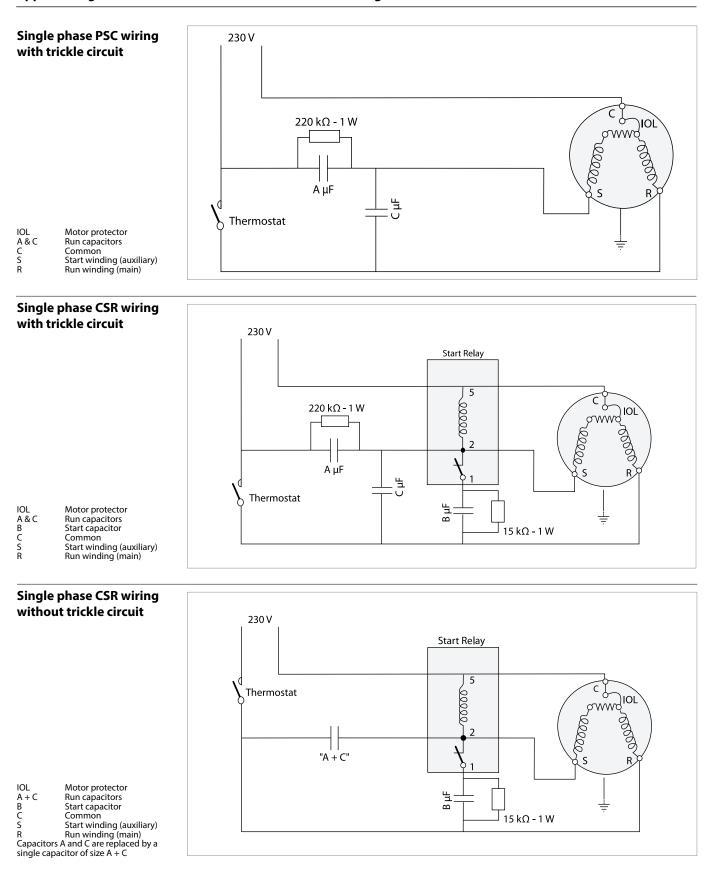
Single phase electrical characteristics

		RA - Locked Rotor Current (A)		MCC - Maximum Continuous Current (A)		Winding resistance (Ω) (\pm 7 % at 68° F)			
Motor Code	1	5	1	5 1		5			
Winding					run	start	run	start	
NTZ048	43.7	37	13.2	11	1.32	4.16	1.62	3.95	
NTZ068	72	53	21	17	0.94	2.01	1.05	3.19	
NTZ096	97		31		0.45	1.84			
NTZ108	97		33		0.45	1.84			
NTZ136	140		41		0.36	1.73			

Nominal capacitor values			PSC	/CSR*	CSR only			
and relays		Models	Run cap	acitors (1)		Start capacitors (2)	Start	
			(A) μF	(C) μF		(B) μF	relay	
	50 Hz	NTZ048	20	1()	100		
	50 HZ	NTZ068	20	1()	100		
		NTZ048	15	1()	100		
		NTZ068	25	25	5	135	RVA6AMKL	
* PSC: Permanent Split Capacitor	60 Hz	NTZ096	30	15	5	135		
CSR: Capacitor Start Run (1) Run capacitors: 440 volts		NTZ108	30	15	5	135		
(2) Start capacitors: 330 Volts		NTZ136	30	15	5	135		
Single phase motor protection and suggested wiring diagram	protected bimetallio	l by a tempera protector wh	or motors are into ature / current-se nich senses the m s well as motor w	nsing ain and	and the	iture. If the motor wer protector trips, it mig reset and restart the	ht take up to severa	
Trickle circuit	the comp current to capacitor	ressor crankc the auxiliary	des the facility of ase by feeding a s winding and the <i>v</i> ings in section "E g").	imall run	For the larger single phase compressor models NTZ048-068, the use of the PTC crankcase heater is recommended.			
PSC wiring	with capi	PSC wiring may be used for refrigerant circuits with capillary tubes or expansion valves with bleed ports. Pressure equalisation must be				ensured before start-up because of the low starting torque characteristics of this system.		
CSR wiring	CSR wiring provides additional motor torque at start-up, by the use of a start capacitor in combination with the run capacitor. This system can be used for refrigerant circuits with capillary tubes or expansion valves. The start capacitor is only connected during the starting operation, a potential relay is used to disconnect it after the start sequence.				-			

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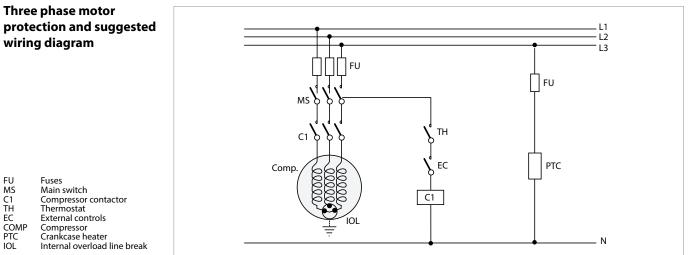
Electrical connections and wiring



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Three phase electrical characteristics

Compressor model	LRA (Locked Rotor Amp) A							Winding resistance (Ω) (between phases +/- 7% at 77°F)			
	3	4	9	3	4	9	3	4	9		
NTZ048	32	16	22	10.1	4.8	5	2.80	11.55	13.10		
NTZ068	48.5	25	29	14.8	8.4	8.5	1.58	7.11	9.70		
NTZ096	72	32	-	20.4	10.1	-	1.20	5.03	-		
NTZ108	72	45	57	21.4	12.1	11	1.20	4.00	2.54		
NTZ136	97.2	51	64	29	14.3	15	0.98	3.80	2.54		
NTZ215	147.7	74	110	42.3	22.3	23	0.57	2.23	1.26		
NTZ271	198	96	150	56.5	27.0	30	0.41	1.61	0.84		



Fuses Main switch Compressor contactor Thermostat External controls Compressor Crankcase heater Internal overload line break FU MS C1 TH EC COMP PTC IOL

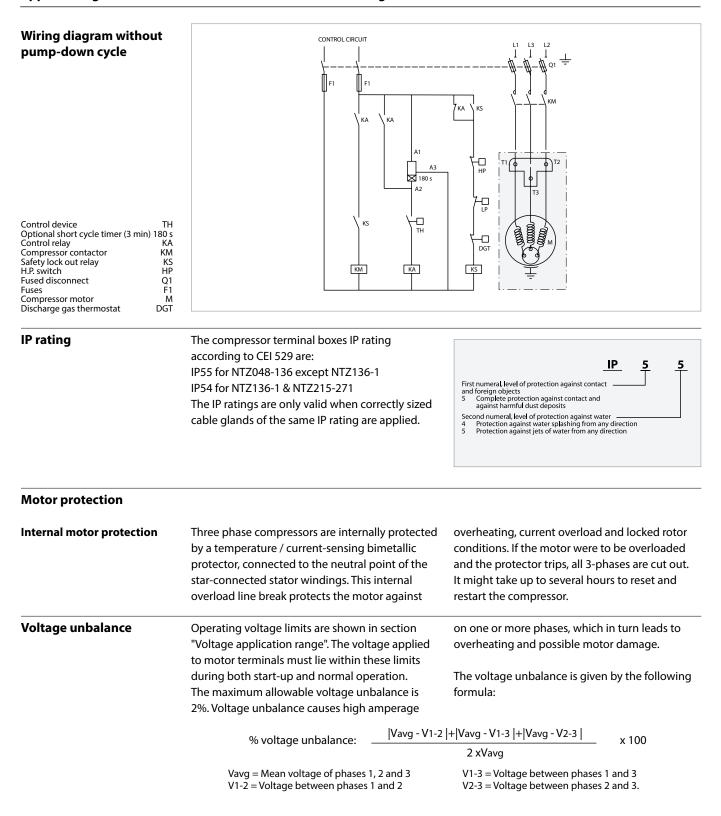
wiring diagram

Wiring diagram with

Wiring diagram with	CONTROL CIRCUIT
pump-down cycle	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Control deviceTHOptional short cycle timer (3 min) 180 sControl relayKALiquid Solenoid valveLLSVCompressor contactorKMSafety lock out relayKSPump-down control & L.P. switchBPH.P. switchHPFused disconnectQ1FusesF1Compressor motorMDischarge gas thermostatDGT	



Electrical connections and wiring



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Application guidelines Approval and certifications Approvals and certificates Maneurop® NTZ compressors comply with the Certificates are listed on the product datasheets: following approvals and certificates. http://www.danfoss.com/odsg CE CE (European Directive) All models c**FL**us Models with motor voltage code 1, 3 & 4, NTZ048 - 9 & NTZ068 - 9 UL (Underwriters Laboratories) CCC (China Compulsory \mathbb{Z} Models with motor voltage code 4 & 5. Product Certification) EAC Eurasian conformity mark Models with motor voltage code 4 & 5.

Pressure equipment directive 2014/68/EU	Products	NTZ 048 to 068	NTZ 096 to 271
	Refrigerating fluids	Group 2	Group 2
	Category PED	I	II
	Evaluation module	out of the scope	D1
	Maximum / Minimum allowable temperature - TS	122°F > Ts > -31°F	122°F > Ts > -31°F
	Maximum allowable pressure - PS	328 psig	328 psig

Low voltage directive 2014/35/EU	Products NTZ 048 to 271		
	Declaration of conformity	Contact Danfoss	

Machinery directive		
2014/30/EU	Products	NTZ 048 to 271
	Manufacturer's declaration of incorporation	Contact Danfoss

Internal free volume

Drodusts	Volume (cu.inch)		
Products Low side		High side	
1 cyl.	473	17.1	
2 cyl.	1045	38.4	
4 cyl.	1964 73.2		

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Application guidelines Operating conditions

compressors.

Refrigerants and

lubricants

Maneurop® NTZ compressors are designed and optimised for refrigerants R404A and R507. The use of hydrocarbons is not authorised in NTZ Only approved refrigerants and lubricants as listed in below table may be used.

Refrigerant	Type*	ODP**	Temp.glide*** (°F)	Lubricant
R404A	HFC	0	1.3	160Z polyolester lubricant, factory charged (160SZ - 160PZ
R507	HFC	0	0	allowed alternatively)

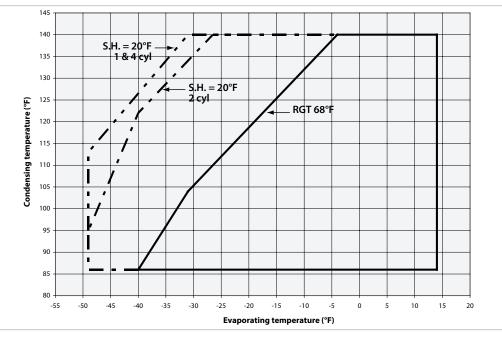
*Type: HFC: Hydrofluorcarbon (no chlorine component, "long-term" zero-ODP alternative)

**ODP: Ozone Depletion Potential (base R11; ODP = 1)

Temperature glide: difference between saturated vapor temperature and saturated liquid temperature at constant pressure

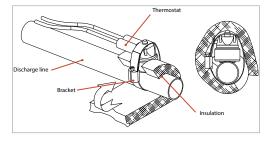
Operating envelope R404A / R507

Because of their thermodynamic properties, R404A and R507 are especially suitable for low and medium temperature applications. Danfoss recommends the use of these refrigerants with NTZ compressors. Note that R404A has a small temperature glide. It must therefore be charged in the liquid phase. For most other aspects however, this small glide may be neglected. R507 is an azeotropic mixture without temperature glide.



Discharge temperature protection

Even when the motor windings are protected against overheating by the internal motor protection, the compressor discharge gas temperature could exceed the maximum allowed value of 275°F when the compressor is operated outside its application envelope. The most effective protection against too high discharge gas temperature is to mount a discharge gas thermostat. An accessory kit is available from Danfoss which includes the thermostat, mounting bracket and insulation. The thermostat must be attached to the discharge line as indicated below at no more than 5.9 inch from the discharge connection.



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Operating limits

High pressure

A high-pressure (HP) safety switch is required to shut down the compressor should the discharge pressure exceed the values shown in the table below. This switch can be set at lower values depending on the application and ambient conditions. It must be either located in a lockout

Low pressure

A low-pressure (LP) safety switch must also be used; deep vacuum operations will result in failure. The minimum LP safety switch (loss of charge switch) setting is 0 relative bar (0 bar g). For systems without pump-down feature, the LP safety switch must be either a manual circuit or associated with a manual reset device to prevent cycling around the high pressure limit.

If a discharge valve is used, the HP switch must be connected to the service valve gauge port, which cannot be isolated.

lockout device or an automatic LP safety switch wired into an electrical lockout circuit. LP switch tolerance must not allow for vacuum operation of the compressor. LP safety switch settings for pump-down cycles with automatic reset are listed in the following table.

		NTZ – R404A / R507
Working pressure range, high side	psig	191 - 402
Working pressure range, low side	psig	0.7 - 48
Minimum low pressure safety switch setting	psig	0
Minimum low pressure pump-down switch setting	psig	3
Relief valve opening pressure difference (2 and 4 cycl)	psig	435
Relief valve closing pressure difference	psig	116

Application guidelines	System design recommendations		
	Maneurop® NTZ compressors have been designed and qualified for stationary equipment using standard alternating power supply. Danfoss	does not warrant the compressors for use on mobile applications such as trucks, railways, subways, ships etc.	
Piping design	Oil in a refrigeration circuit is required to lubricate moving parts in the compressor. During normal system operation small oil quantities will continuously leave the compressor, with the discharge gas. Therefore, the system piping shall be designed in a way which allows a good oil circulation, avoiding oil being trapped in the system and ensuring a constant oil return to the compressor. As long as the amount of oil circulating through the system is small it will contribute to good system operation and improved heat transfer efficiency.	Lubricant getting trapped in the evaporator or suction lines will affect system performance and will ultimately lead to compressor lubrication failures. Where a poor oil return situation exists, adding lubricant will not help safeguard the compressor. Only a correct piping design can ensure adequate oil circulation maintaining safe oil level in the compressor.	
Suction line	 Horizontal suction line sections shall have a slope of 0.5% in the direction of refrigerant flow (5/8" per 10 ft of pipe). The cross-section of horizontal suction lines shall be such that the resulting gas velocity is at least 13 ft/s. In vertical risers, a gas velocity of 26 to 40 ft/s is required to ensure proper oil return. A U-trap is required at the foot of each vertical riser. If the riser is higher than 13 ft, additional U-traps are required for each additional 13ft. The length of each U-trap must be as short as possible to avoid the accumulation of excessive quantities of oil (see figure below). Gas velocities higher than 40 ft/s will not contribute to significantly better oil return. However they will cause higher noise levels and result in higher suction line pressure drops which will have a negative effect on the system capacity. Note that the suction rotolock valves, which can be ordered from Danfoss as accessories, are designed for average pipe sizes, selected for systems running at nominal conditions. The pipe sizes selected for specific systems may differ from these average sizes. 	The suction line must always be insulated to limit suction gas superheat.	
Discharge line	When the condenser is mounted above the compressor, a loop above the condenser and a U-trap close to the compressor are required to prevent liquid draining from the condenser into the discharge line during standstill.	Condenser Urrap	

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Application guidelines	System design recommendations	
Oil charge and oil separator	In most installations the initial compressor oil charge will be sufficient. In installations with line runs exceeding 66 ft, or with many oil traps or an oil separator, additional oil may be required. In	installations with the risk of slow oil return such as in multiple evaporator or multiple condenser installations, an oil separator is recommended. Also refer to the section "Oil charge and oil level".
Filter driers	For new installations with NTZ compressors Danfoss recommends using the Danfoss DML 100% molecular sieve, solid core filter drier. Molecular sieve filter driers with loose beads from third party suppliers shall be avoided. For servicing of existing installations where acid formation is present the Danfoss DCL solid core	filter driers containing activated alumina are recommended. The drier is to be oversized rather than undersized. When selecting a drier, always take into account its capacity (water content capacity) the system refrigerating capacity and the system refrigerant charge.
Suction pressure control	An MOP-type expansion valve or suction pressure regulator (i.e. Danfoss KVL) must be used to limit suction pressure at a maximum of 58 psig relative (23°F). Do not apply both of these devices in combination with one another.	When compressors are mounted onto a rack for a multi-evaporator system (i.e. supermarket) or when evaporators operate at different temperatures, use pressure regulators (Danfoss KVP) without an MOP expansion valve.
Suction line heat exchanger	A suction line heat exchanger is recommended for low temperature applications, better performance and efficiency are expected.	However in hot location this may cause high suction gas superheat which can result in too high discharge temperature.
Low ambient temperature operation	At low ambient temperatures, the condensing temperature and condensing pressure in air cooled condensors will decrease. This low pressure may be insufficient to supply enough liquid refrigerant to the evaporator. As a result the evaporating temperature will decrease, leading to low capacity and eventual poor oil return. At start-up, the compressor will pull into vacuum and it will be switched off by the low pressure protection. Depending on how the low pressure switch and delay timer are set, short cycling can occur. To avoid these problems, several solutions are possible, based on reducing condenser capacity:	The minimum condensing pressure must be set at the minimum saturated condensing temperature shown in the application envelopes. Under very low ambient conditions, in which testing has revealed that the above procedures might not ensure satisfactory condensing and suction pressures, the use of a head pressure control valve is recommended. Note: This solution requires extra refrigerant charge, which can introduce other problems. A non-return valve in the discharge line is recommended and special care should be taken when designing the discharge line.
	In air-cooled machines, cycling the fans with a head pressure controller will ensure that the fans remain off until the condensing pressure has reached a satisfactory level. Variable speed fans can also be used to control the condensing pressure. In water-cooled units, the same can be performed using a water regulator valve that is also operated by head pressure, thereby ensuring that the water valve does not open until the condensing pressure reaches a satisfactory level.	When the compressor is located in a low ambient temperature environment, increased refrigerant migration will occur during shut down periods. For such conditions an extra belt-type crankcase heater is strongly recommended. Note that with 100% suction gas cooled motors, Maneurop® compressors can be externally insulated. Refer to section "Liquid refrigerant migration & charge limits" for more details.

System design recommendations **Application guidelines** Cycle rate limit No more than 12 starts per hour (6 when a soft start-up as well as proper oil return from the start accessory is used) are allowed. A higher system to the compressor. number would reduce the service life of the A 5-minute delay between two successive motor-compressor unit. If necessary, use an anticompressor starts is being proposed herein, with a 2-minute runtime after each start and a short-cycle timer within the control circuit. 3-minute idle time between each stop and start. The system must be designed in a way that guarantees minimum compressor running time Only during the pump-down cycle may the so as to provide sufficient motor cooling after compressor run for much shorter intervals. Liquid refrigerant control Refrigeration compressors are basically Liquid refrigerant will dilute the oil, wash out the and charge limits designed as gas compressors. Depending on the bearings causing wear and eventually seizure. compressor design and operating conditions, Furthermore, high oil carry over will cause lack of most compressors can also handle a limited oil in the sump. amount of liquid refrigerant. Maneurop® NTZ compressors have a large internal volume and Good system design can limit the amount of can therefore handle relatively large amounts of liquid refrigerant in the compressor, which will liquid refrigerant without major problems. have a positive effect on the compressor service life. However even when a compressor can handle liquid refrigerant, this will not be favourable to its Liquid refrigerant can enter a compressor in service life. various ways, with different effects on the compressor as described in the following points. **Off-cycle migration** During system standstill and after pressure the compressor is started, the pressure in the equalisation, refrigerant will condensate in crankcase decreases rapidly and refrigerant the coldest part of the system which may be will violently evaporate, causing the oil to foam the compressor when it is placed in a cold (boiling). Both dilution and foaming reduce environment. Ultimately, the full system the lubrication properties of the oil. In extreme refrigerant charge can condensate in the situations liquid could enter the compressor compressor crankcase. A large amount will cylinders with immediate compressor breakdissolve in the compressor oil until the oil is down as a result. completely saturated with refrigerant. When Liquid floodback during During normal and stable system operation, In these situations, liquid refrigerant will operation refrigerant will leave the evaporator in a continuously enter the compressor. The negative superheated condition and enter the compressor effects from continuous liquid floodback are: as a superheated vapour. Normal superheat values at compressor suction are 9 to 54°F. permanent oil dilution However the refrigerant leaving the evaporator can contain an amount of liquid refrigerant due • in extreme situations with high system to different reasons: refrigerant charge and large amounts of floodback, liquid slugging could occur. • wrong dimensioning, wrong setting or malfunction of expansion device • evaporator fan failure or frosted-up evaporator coils.

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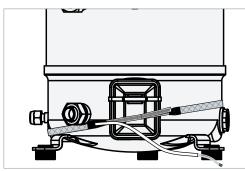
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System design recommendations

Crankcase heater

A crankcase heater protects against the off-cycle migration of refrigerant and proves effective if oil temperature is maintained 18°F above the saturated LP temperature of the refrigerant. Tests must thereby be conducted to ensure that the appropriate oil temperature is maintained under all ambient conditions. A PTC crankcase heater is required with all Maneurop[®], NTZ compressors. PTC crankcase heaters are self-regulating.

Under extreme conditions such as low ambient temperature at 5°F or lower a belt type crankcase heater could be used in addition to the PTC heater, although this is not a preferred solution for 1 and 2 cylinder compressors. The belt crankcase heater must be positioned on the compressor shell as close as possible to the oil sump to ensure good heat transfer to the oil.

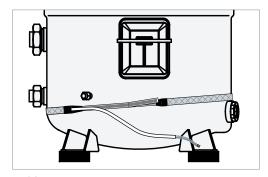


Models: NTZ048 - NTZ068 - NTZ096 - NTZ108 - NTZ136

The below illustrated mounting positions are recommended:

Belt crankcase heaters are not self-regulating. Control must be applied to energise the belt heater once the compressor has been stopped and then to de-energise it while the compressor is running. The belt heater must be energised 12 hours before restarting the compressor following an extended down period.

If the crankcase heater is not able to maintain the oil temperature at 18°F above the saturated LP temperature of the refrigerant during off cycles or if repetitive floodback is present a the Liquid Line Solenoid Valve (LLSV) + pump-down cycle is required, possibly in conjunction with a suction accumulator.



Models: NTZ215 - NTZ271

Liquid line solenoid valve & pump-down	In refrigeration applications, the Liquid Line Solenoid Valve (LLSV) is highly recommended. During the off-cycle, the LLSV isolates the liquid charge in the condensor side, thus preventing refrigerant transfer or excessive migration of refrigerant into the compressor. Furthermore, when using LLSV in conjunction with the pump-	down cycle (especially in low-temperature applications), the quantity of refrigerant in the low-pressure side of the system will be reduced. A pump-down cycle design is required when evaporators are fitted with electric defrost heaters.
Suction accumulator	A suction accumulator offers considerable protection against refrigerant floodback both at start-up and during operation or after the defrost operation. This device also helps protect against off-cycle migration by providing additional internal free volume to the low pressure side of the system.	The suction accumulator must be selected in accordance with the accumulator manufacturer recommendations. As a general rule, Danfoss Commercial Compressors recommends to size the accumulator for at least 50% of the total system charge. Tests however must be conducted to determine the optimal size.

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Sound and vibration management

Sound

Compressors in operation are one of the sources of sound and vibration in a refrigeration system. Both phenomena are closely related.

Sound produced by a compressor is transmitted in every direction by the ambient air, the mounting feet, the pipework and the refrigerant in the pipework. The easiest way to reduce the sound transmitted through ambient air is to fit an acoustic hood accessory. Because Maneurop® NTZ compressors are 100% suction gas cooled and require no external cooling they can be insulated or enclosed in a sound proofing material lined compartment.

Sound transmitted by mounting feet, pipework and refrigerant should be treated the same way as vibration (see next section).

Compressor model	Sound pov at 50 hz		Sound por at 60 H		Acoustic hood
moder	without hood	with hood	without hood	with hood	code no.
NTZ048	70	65	73	68	120Z0575
NTZ068	65	60	69	64	12020575
NTZ096	82	74	85	77	
NTZ108	76	69	80	75	120Z0576
NTZ136	77	71	80	75	
NTZ215	86	80	88	81	120Z0577
NTZ271	86	80	88	81	12020577

(*) Operating conditions: R404A, Evap. temp.: -31°F, Cond. temp.: 104°F

Vibration

The mounting grommets delivered with the compressor should always be used. They will largely attenuate the compressor vibration transmitted to the base frame. These rubber grommets have been selected and calculated in accordance with the vibration frequencies that are typical for the compressor. For that reason other grommet types or brands shall not be used.

The base on which the compressor is mounted should be sufficiently rigid and of adequate mass to ensure the full effectiveness of the mounting grommets. The compressor should never be rigidly mounted to the base frame otherwise high vibration transmission would occur and the service life reduced. Suction and discharge lines must have adequate flexibility in 3 planes. Eventually vibration absorbers may be required.

Vibration is also transmitted by the refrigerant gas. Maneurop® NTZ compressors have built-in mufflers to reduce pulsation. To further reduce vibration an extra discharge line muffler can be installed.

Application guidelines	Installation and service		
System cleanliness	 System contamination is one of the main factors that affects equipment reliability and compressor service life. Therefore it is important to take care of the system cleanliness when assembling a refrigeration system. During the manufacturing process, circuit contamination can be caused by: Brazing and welding oxides, Filings and particles from removing burrs from pipe-work, Brazing flux, Moisture and air. Only use clean and dehydrated, refrigeration-grade copper tubes and silver alloy brazing material. Clean all parts before brazing and always purge nitrogen or CO₂ through the 	Impressorflux is used, take every precaution to pre- the leakage of flux into the piping. The u- of flux core or flux coated braze wire or u- instead of brush applied paste flux is str used by:recommended. Do not drill holes (e.g. for schrader valves) in parts of the installation that are already completed, when filinge burrs cannot be removed. Carefully follor instructions below regarding brazing, m leak detection, pressure test and moistur removal. All installation and service wor only be done by qualified personnel res all procedures and using tools (charging tubes, vacuum pumps, etc.) dedicated for	
Compressor handling, mounting and connection			
Compressor handling	Maneurop [®] NTZ compressors must be handled with care and all handling procedures must be performed smoothly and gently. Each NTZ has been fitted with one lift ring which shall always be used to lift the compressor. Once the compressor is installed, the lift ring shall never be used to lift the complete installation.	Always use the proper tools f compressor. Keep the compr position during all handling t transport, storage). The angle must not exceed 15 degrees.	essor in an upright tasks (manipulating e off the vertical
Compressor mounting	The compressor must be mounted onto a horizontal surface with a maximum slope of 3 degrees. Always use the rubber mounting	grommets that are shipped v Mounting torques are listed i	
	Component	Torqu Min.	ue (lbf.in) Max.
	Rotolock suction valve, NTZ048 - NTZ068	710	885
	Rotolock suction valve, NTZ096 - NTZ271	885	1060
	Rotolock discharge valve, NTZ048 – NTZ068	620	795
	Rotolock discharge valve, NTZ096 - NTZ271	710	885
	Electrical T-block screws HN°10-32 UNF x 9.5	-	27
	Earth screw	-	27
	Oil sight glass (with black chloroprene gasket)	355	400
	3/8" flare oil equalisation nut	400	440
	Schrader nut	100	150
	Schrader valve (internal)	3.5	7
	Mounting grommet bolt, NTZ048 – NTZ271	105	160
	Belt crankcase heater		35

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Installation and service

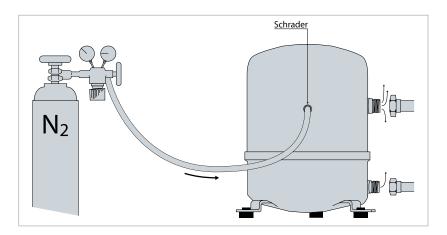
Compressor connection to the system

New compressors have a protective nitrogen holding charge. Only remove the suction and discharge plugs just before connecting the compressor to the installation, so as to prevent air and moisture from entering the compressor. Remove the discharge plug first and the suction plug next; by proceeding as such, the nitrogen holding charge can escape via the discharge connection and the risk of an oil mist blow-out via the suction connection will be minimal.

Whenever possible the compressor must be the last component to be integrated in the system. It is advisable to braze the solder sleeves or service valves to the pipework before the compressor is mounted. when all brazing is finished and when the total system is ready, the compressor plugs can be removed and the compressor can be mounted to the system with a minimum exposure to ambient air. If this procedure is not possible, the sleeves or valves may be brazed to the pipes when mounted on the compressor. In this situation nitrogen or CO_2 must be purged through the compressor via the schrader valve to prevent air and moisture ingress. Purging must start when the plugs are removed and maintained during the brazing process.

When rotolock valves are used on the compressor, they shall be closed immediately after mounting, thus keeping the compressor isolated from atmosphere or from a not yet dehydrated system.

Note: when the compressor is built into a "pack" or "rack" configuration which is not installed immediately on its final location, a vacuum pull-down and moisture removal must be performed to the "pack" or "rack" as if it were a complete system (see below). the pack must be charged with nitrogen or CO₂ and open tubes must be blocked with caps or plugs.



System pressure test

Always use an inert gas such as nitrogen for the pressure test. Never use other gasses such as oxygen, dry air or acetylene. These gasses may form an inflammable mixture with the compressor oil. Always use the appropriate pressure regulator with gas cylinders. Any attempt to use a high pressure gas supply without a suitable pressure regulator can lead to personal injury or death as well as system damage.

The maximum allowed test pressures for NTZ compressors are:

Maximum compressor test pressure at low pressure side (suction side)	362 psi(g)
Maximum compressor test pressure at high pressure side (discharge side)	435 psi(g)
Maximum test pressure difference between high and low pressure side (to avoid that the internal compressor relief valve will open)	435 psi

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Application guidelines	Installation and service	
Leak detection	Whenever possible the compressor must be kept isolated from the system during leak detection by closing the suction and discharge valves. Use a mixture of nitrogen and the final refrigerant (eg. R404A or R507) and use a leak detector for the applied refrigerant. A spectrometric detection system using helium can also be applied. Note that leak detection with refrigerant may not be allowed in some countries. Do not use other gasses such as oxygen, dry air or acetylene as	these gasses can form an inflammable mixture with the compressor oil. Never use CFC or HCFC refrigerants for leak detection of HFC systems. Leak detecting additives shall not be used as they may affect the lubricant properties. Warranty may be voided if leak detection additives have been used. Eventual leaks shall be repaired respecting the instructions written above.
Vacuum pump-down and dehydration procedure	 Moisture obstructs proper operation of the compressor and the rest of the refrigeration system. Air and moisture reduce service life, increase condensing pressure and cause excessively high discharge temperatures, which are capable of destroying the lubricating properties of the oil. Air and moisture also increase the risk of acid formation, thus giving rise to copper plating. All these phenomena can ultimately induce mechanical and electrical compressor failure. To eliminate these risks, it is recommended to perform the following vacuum pull-down procedure: 1. To the extent possible (i.e. if valves are present), the compressor must be kept isolated from the system. 2. After leak detection, the system must be pulled-down under a vacuum of 500 microns (0.67 mbar). A two-stage vacuum pump shall be used with a capacity appropriate for the system volume. It is recommended to use connection lines with a large diameter and to connect these lines to the service valves and not to the schrader connection, so as to avoid excessive pressure losses. 3. Once the vacuum level of 500 microns is reached, the system must be isolated from the 	 vacuum pump. Wait 30 minutes during which time the system pressure should not rise. When the pressure rapidly increases, the system is not leak tight. Bring the system pressure up to atmospheric pressure with dry nitrogen or another suitable inert gas in order to reform a new leak detection. After repairing all leaks the vacuum pull-down procedure should be restarted from Step 1. When the pressure slowly increases, this indicates the presence of moisture. In this case Steps 2 and 3 should be repeated. 4. Connect the compressor to the system by means of opening the valves. Repeat Steps 2 & 3. 5. Break the vacuum with either nitrogen or the ultimate refrigerant. 6. Repeat Steps 2 and 3 on the total system. Upon commissioning, the system moisture content may be as high as 100 ppm. During compressor operation, the filter drier must reduce this content to a level of 20 to 50 ppm. Warning: do not use a megohmmeter or apply power to the compressor while it is under vacuum as this may cause the compressor under vacuum as this may cause the compressor motor to burnout.
Start-up	Before initial start-up or after a prolonged shut- down period, energise the crankcase heater 12 hours prior to start-up. If the crankcase heater cannot be energised long enough before start- up, the compressor shall be heated in another	way (for example with an electric heater or flood light) to boil off refrigerant from the oil. This is particulary important when ambient temperature is low at commissioning.

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Application guidelines	Installation and service	
Refrigerant charging	It is recommended that charging be done to the high side of the system. Charge refrigerant as close as possible to the nominal system charge before starting the compressor. Then slowly add refrigerant on the low pressure side as far away as possible from the compressor suction connection. The refrigerant charge quantity must be suitable for both winter and summer	operation. R404A is a near-azeotropic mixture and must be charged in the liquid phase. R507 is an azeotropic mixture and can be charged either in liquid or gas phase. Warning : when a liquid line solenoid valve is used, the vacuum in the low pressure side must be broken before applying power to the system.
Oil charge and oil level	The oil charge must be checked before commissioning (1/4 to 3/4 of the oil sight glass). Watch the oil level at start and for the first 15 minutes after start. Check the oil level again after a minimum of 2 hours operation at nominal conditions. In most installations the initial compressor oil charge will be sufficient. In installations with line runs exceeding 66 ft or with many oil traps or an oil separator, additional oil may be required. Normally the quantity of oil added should be no more than 2% of the total refrigerant charge. This percentage does not	take into account oil contained in accessories such as oil separators or oil traps. If this amount has already been added and the oil level in the compressor keeps decreasing, the oil return in the installation is insufficient. Refer to section "Piping design". In installations where slow oil return is likely such as in multiple evaporator or multiple condenser installations an oil separator is recommended. Always use Danfoss 160Z (160PZ/160SZ allowed alternatively) lubricant for systems with NTZ compressors and R404A or R507.
Installation checks	After a few running hours the main system parameters shall be verified to ensure that the system is working correctly or eventually to adjust the settings.	the expansion valve setting is correct, the suction line insulation between evaporator and compressor should be checked and eventually replaced by a higher quality insulation.
	 The evaporating temperature and condensing temperature shall be compared with the design conditions. The superheat at the evaporator outlet must be adjusted to optimise the evaporator performance. Generally a value of 18°F is recommended. 	• A too high discharge gas temperature can indicate a malfunctioning condenser, too high suction gas superheat. Measurements through a probe sensor pushed against the discharge tube are not accurate. From 240°F, we recommend to use a thermocouple, brazed and insulated on the discharge tube, 4 in far from the compressor body. The maximum allowed discharge temperature is 275°F.
	• The compressor suction temperature gives information about the suction gas superheat at the compressor. NTZ compressors can be operated at a maximum suction gas temperature of 68°F. Note that extremely low superheat values can increase the risk of unwanted liquid floodback to the compressor. When a too high superheat is noted while	 Power and current consumption shall be compared with the table values at measured evaporating and condensing temperature. When after commisioning the liquid sight glass indicates moisture, the filter drier must immediately be replaced.

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Ordering information and packaging

Code numbers

(for ordering)

NTZ compressors in single pack (2)

	Motor voltage code							
Compressor model-	1	3	4	5	9			
	208-230/1/60	200-230/3/60	460/3/60 400/3/50	230/1/50	380/3/60			
NTZ048	120F0072	120F0026	120F0001	120F0087	120F0168			
NTZ068	120F0073	120F0027	120F0002	120F0088	120F0169			
NTZ096	120F0074	120F0028	120F0003					
NTZ108	120F0075	120F0029	120F0004		120F0170			
NTZ136	120F0076	120F0030	120F0005		120F0171			
NTZ215		120F0031	120F0006		120F0172			
NTZ271		120F0032	120F0007		120F0173			

NTZ compressors in industrial pack (4)

	Motor voltage code				
Compressor	3	4	5		
model	200-230/3/60	460/3/60 400/3/50	230/1/50		
NTZ048	120F0033	120F0008	120F0089		
NTZ068	120F0034	120F0009	120F0090		
NTZ096	120F0035	120F0010			
NTZ108	120F0036	120F0011			
NTZ136	120F0037	120F0012			
NTZ215	120F0038	120F0013			
NTZ271	120F0039	120F0014			

Packaging

Compressor -	Single pack (2)		Multi pack (3)			Industri	al pack (4)						
model	Weight (lb)	Dimensions (in)	Qty	Weight (lb)	Dimensions (in)	Static stacking	Qty	Weight (lb)	Dimensions (in)	Static stacking			
NTZ048	50.7	l: 15.2	0	434	l: 45.3		12	613	l: 45.3				
NTZ068	55.1	w: 11.2 h: 14.6	8	470	w: 31.5 h: 20.1		12	666	w: 31.5 h: 19.7				
NTZ096	83.7			525				507					
NTZ108	83.7	l: 15.2 w: 14.8 h: 17.7	6	525	l: 4.3 w: 31.5 h: 23.6	4	6	507	l: 45.3 w: 31.5 h: 23.6	4			
NTZ136	83.7			525				507					
NTZ215	158.7	l: 22.4	4	659	l: 45.3		ć	866	l: 45.3				
NTZ271	160.9	w: 15.7 h: 26.4	4	668	w: 31.5 h: 32.3					6	880	w: 31.5 h: 28.0	

(2) Single pack: one compressor packed in a cardboard box 4 cyl.: cardboard box on 1/4 euro pallet
(3) Multi pack: a pallet filled with single-packs
(4) Industrial pack: a full pallet of unpacked compressors



Rotolock service valves and valve sets (without gasket)

Туре	Code n°	Description	Application	Packaging	Pack size
V01	8168027	Rotolock valve, V01 (1" Rotolock, 3/8" ODF)	Models with 1" rotolock connection	Multipack	6
V06	8168031	Rotolock valve, V06 (1" Rotolock, 1/2" ODF)	Models with 1" rotolock connection	Multipack	6
V04	8168029	Rotolock valve, V04 (1"1/4 Rotolock, 3/4" ODF)	Models with 1"1/4 rotals of connection	Multipack	6
V04	7968006	Rotolock valve, V04 (1"1/4 Rotolock, 3/4" ODF)	Models with 1"1/4 rotolock connection	Industry pack	42
V05	8168030	Rotolock valve, V05 (1"1/4 Rotolock, 7/8" ODF)	Madele with 181/4 wetele els especials	Multipack	6
V05	7968007	Rotolock valve, V05 (1"1/4 Rotolock, 7/8" ODF)	Models with 1"1/4 rotolock connection	Industry pack	36
V09	8168033	Rotolock valve, V09 (1"1/4 Rotolock, 5/8" ODF)	Models with 1"1/4 rotolock connection	Multipack	6
V09	7968005	Rotolock valve, V09 (1"1/4 Rotolock, 5/8" ODF)	Models with 1 1/4 rotolock connection	Industry pack	50
V02	8168028	Rotolock valve, V02 (1"3/4 Rotolock, 1"1/8 ODF)	Madale with 12/4 wetale also as postion	Multipack	6
V02	7968009	Rotolock valve, V02 (1"3/4 Rotolock, 1"1/8 ODF)	Models with 1"3/4 rotolock connection	Industry pack	24
V07	8168032	Rotolock valve, V07 (1"3/4 Rotolock, 7/8" ODF)	Models with 1"3/4 rotolock connection	Multipack	6
V07	7968008	Rotolock valve, V07 (1"3/4 Rotolock, 7/8" ODF)	Models with 1-3/4 rotolock connection	Industry pack	36
V10	8168022	Rotolock valve, V10 (1"3/4 Rotolock, 1-3/8" ODF)	Models with 1"3/4 rotolock connection	Single pack	1
V09, V06	7703005	Valve set, V09 (1"1/4~5/8"), V06 (1"~1/2")	NTZ048-068	Multipack	4
V07, V04	7703006	Valve set, V07 (1"3/4~7/8"), V04 (1"1/4~3/4")	NTZ096-108	Multipack	6
V02, V04	7703009	Valve set, V02 (1"3/4~1"1/8), V04 (1"1/4~3/4")	NTZ136-271	Multipack	6

Rotolock nuts

Туре	Code n°	Description	Application	Packaging	Pack size
	8153122	Rotolock nut, 1"	Models with 1" rotolock connection	Multipack	10
	8153123	Rotolock nut, 1"1/4	Models with 1"1/4 rotolock connection	Multipack	10
	8153124	Rotolock nut, 1"3/4	Models with 1"3/4 rotolock connection	Multipack	10



Accessories

Solder sleeves

Туре	Code n°	Description	Application	Packaging	Pack size
P01	8153010	Solder sleeve, P01 (1" Rotolock, 3/8" ODF)	Models with 1" rotolock connection	Multipack	10
P06	8153007	Solder sleeve, P06 (1" Rotolock, 1/2" ODF)	Models with 1" rotolock connection	Multipack	10
P09	8153011	Solder sleeve, P09 (1"1/4 Rotolock, 5/8" ODF)	Models with 1"1/4 rotolock connection	Multipack	10
P04	8153008	Solder sleeve, P04 (1"1/4 Rotolock, 3/4" ODF)	Models with 1"1/4 rotolock connection	Multipack	10
P05	8153012	Rotolock connector, P05 (1"1/4 Rotolock, 7/8" ODS)	Models with 1"1/4 rotolock connection	Multipack	10
P07	8153013	Solder sleeve, P07 (1"3/4 Rotolock, 7/8" ODF)	Models with 1"3/4 rotolock connection	Multipack	10
P02	8153004	Solder sleeve, P02 (1"3/4 Rotolock, 1"1/8 ODF)	Models with 1"3/4 rotolock connection	Multipack	10
P10	8153003	Solder sleeve, P10	Models with 1"3/4 rotolock connection	Multipack	10

Gaskets and gasket set

Туре	Code n°	Description	Application	Packaging	Pack size
G01	8156130	Gasket, 1"	Models with 1" rotolock connection	Multipack	10
G01	7956001	Gasket, 1"		Industry pack	50
G09	8156131	Gasket, 1"1/4	Models with 1"1/4 rotolock connection	Multipack	10
G09	7956002	Gasket, 1"1/4		Industry pack	50
G07	8156132	Gasket, 1"3/4	Models with 1"3/4 rotolock connection	Multipack	10
G07	7956003	Gasket, 1"3/4	Models with 1 3/4 rotolock connection	Industry pack	50
	8156009	Gasket set, 1", 1"1/4, 1"3/4, OSG gaskets black & white	All 1-2-4 cylinder models	Multipack	10

Belt heaters

Туре	Code n°	Description	Application	Packaging	Pack size
,	7773106	Belt type crankcase heater, 54 W, 230 V, CE mark, UL	NTZ048-068	Multipack	4
	7773013	Belt type crankcase heater, 54 W, 400 V, UL	N12048-068	Multipack	4
	7773109	Belt type crankcase heater, 65 W, 110 V, CE mark, UL		Multipack	6
	7973001	Belt type crankcase heater, 65 W, 110 V, CE mark, UL	NTZ096-108-136	Industry pack	50
	7773107	Belt type crankcase heater, 65 W, 230 V, CE mark, UL		Multipack	6
	7973002	Belt type crankcase heater, 65 W, 230 V, CE mark, UL		Industry pack	50
	7773117	Belt type crankcase heater, 65 W, 400 V, CE mark, UL		Multipack	6
	120Z0466	Belt type crankcase heater, 65 W, 460 V, CE mark, UL		Multipack	6
	120Z0467	Belt type crankcase heater, 65 W, 575 V, CE mark, UL		Multipack	6
	7773110	Belt type crankcase heater, 75 W, 110 V, CE mark, UL		Multipack	6
	7773108	Belt type crankcase heater, 75 W, 230 V, CE mark, UL		Multipack	6
	7973005	Belt type crankcase heater, 75 W, 230 V, CE mark, UL		Industry pack	50
	7773118	Belt type crankcase heater, 75 W, 400 V, CE mark, UL	NTZ215-271	Multipack	6
	120Z0464	Belt type crankcase heater, 75 W, 460 V, CE mark, UL		Multipack	6
	120Z0465	Belt type crankcase heater, 75 W, 575 V, CE mark, UL		Multipack	6



PTC heaters

Туре	Code n°	Description	Application	Packaging	Pack size
PTC27W	120Z0459	PTC heater 27W	All models	Multipack	10
PTC27W	120Z0460	PTC heater 27W	All models	Industry pack	50

Single phase PSC starting kits

Туре	Code n°	Description	Application	Packaging	Pack size
PSC	7701026	Permanent capacitors 440V, 20 μF, 10 μF	NTZ 048-5, 068-5	Multipack	4
PSC	7701035	Permanent capacitors 440V, 30 µF, 15 µF	NTZ096-1, 108-1, 136-1	Multipack	4
PSC	7701151	Permanent capacitors 440V, 25 µF, 25 µF	NTZ 068-1	Multipack	4

Single phase CSR starting kits

Туре	Code n°	Description	Application	Packaging	Pack size
CSR	7701021	Relay + Capacitors : run (15 + 10 μ F), start (98 μ F)	NTZ 048-1	Multipack	4
CSR	7701022	Relay + Capacitors : run (20 + 10 μF), start (98 μF)	NTZ 048-5, 068-5	Multipack	4
CSR	7701154	Relay + Capacitors : run (25 + 25 μF), start (140 μF)	NTZ 068-1	Multipack	4
CSR	7701042	Relay + Capacitors : run (30 + 15 $\mu F)$, start (140 $\mu F)$	NTZ096-1, 108-1, 136-1	Multipack	6

Single phase CSR starting kits, prewired box

Туре	Code n°	Description	Application	Packaging	Pack size
	7701028	Relay + Capacitors : run (20 + 10 μF), start (98 μF)	NTZ 048-5, 068-5	Single pack	1
	7701049	Relay + Capacitors : run (30 + 15 μ F), start (140 μ F)	NTZ096-1, 108-1, 136-1	Single pack	1

Relays and capacitors

Туре	Code n°	Description	Application	Packaging	Pack size
	8173022	Starting relay type RVA6AMKL	All Single pack phase models (code 1 & 5)	Single pack	1
	8173001	Start capacitor 330V, 98 μF	CSR starting kits	Multipack	10
	8173002	Start capacitor 330V, 140 μF	CSR starting kits	Multipack	10



Acoustic hoods

Туре	Code n°	Description	Application	Packaging	Pack size
1 cyl	120Z0575	Acoustic hood for 1 cyl	NTZ048-068	Single pack	1
2 cyl	120Z0576	Acoustic hood for 2 cyl	NTZ096-136	Single pack	1
4 cyl	120Z0577	Acoustic hood for 4 cyl	NTZ215-271	Single pack	1

Mounting kits

Туре	Code n°	Description	Application	Packaging	Pack size
	8156001	Accessory bag with Mounting kit 1 & 2 cyl	NTZ048-136	Single pack	1
	8156007	Accessory bag with Mounting kit 4 cyl	NTZ215-271	Single pack	1

Terminal boxes, covers & T-block connectors

Туре	Code n°	Description	Application	Packaging	Pack size
	8156134	Cover 3.15 x 3.78 inch ; clamp	NTZ048-136 (except 136-1)	Multipack	10
	8173230	T-block 2.05 x 2.24 inch, 3 screws H10-32 UNF9.5	NTZ136-1, NTZ215-271	Multipack	10
	8156135	Covers 3.78 x 4.52 inch, clamp	NTZ136-1, NTZ215-271	Multipack	10

Lubricants / oils

Туре	Code n°	Description	Application	Packaging	Pack size
160PZ	7754019	POE lubricant, 160PZ, 1 litre can	NTZ with R404A, R507	Multipack	12
160PZ	120Z0573	POE lubricant, 160PZ, 2.5 litre can	NTZ with R404A, R507	Multipack	8

Miscellaneous

Туре	Code n°	Description	Application	Packaging	Pack size
	8156145	Oil sight glass gasket (black)	1-2-4 cyl models produced since 2002	Multipack	10
	8156019	Oil sight glass + gaskets	1-2-4 cylinder VE versions	Multipack	4
	8154001	Blue spray paint	All models	Single pack	1

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Previous version

- Page 6: Technical specifications and nominal ratings
- Page 10: Voltage application range
- Page 14: Approval and certifications
- Page 16: Low pressure operating limits
- Page 21: Sound
- Page 30: Accessories

Current version

- Page 6: Updated NTZ068 Nominal ratings in Technical specifications and nominal ratings
- Page 10: Updated Nominal voltage & Voltage application range for Motor voltage code 5. Added Trickle circuit, PSC wiring & CSR wiring
- Page 14: Updated all Approval and certifications
- Page 16: Updated Low pressure operating limits
- Page 21: Updated NTZ048 & NTZ068 sound values & Acoustic hood code numbers
- Page 30: Updated Acoustic hoods, & Lubricants code numbers in Accessories



Danfoss Commercial Compressors

is a worldwide manufacturer of compressors and condensing units for refrigeration and HVAC applications. With a wide range of high quality and innovative products we help your company to find the best possible energy efficient solution that respects the environment and reduces total life cycle costs.

We have 40 years of experience within the development of hermetic compressors which has brought us amongst the global leaders in our business, and positioned us as distinct variable speed technology specialists. Today we operate from engineering and manufacturing facilities spread across three continents.



Our products can be found in a variety of applications such as rooftops, chillers, residential air conditioners, heatpumps, coldrooms, supermarkets, milk tank cooling and industrial cooling processes.

http://danfoss.us.com

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